



OFFICIAL INTERNAL ORGAN OF THE National Socialist White Peoples Party AND National Socialist Youth Movement

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"....We should not work in secret conventicles, but in mighty mass demonstrations, and it is not by dagger and poison or pistol that the road can be cleared for the Movement, but by the conquest of the streets. We must teach the Marxists that the future master of the streets is National Socialism, just as it will some day be the master of the state."

MEIN KAMPF, II:9

Party Wins Court Victories In Arlington and Miami Beach!

During the month of February the Party has won two more spectacular court cases after heavy litigation.

On 15 February a federal appeals court in Richmond ruled that it was within the Party's constitutional rights to use a high school auditorium and that the racial character of the organization could not be used as an excuse to deny such facilities.

The original suit had been lodged against the Arlington County School Board after it denied the Party use of the Yorktown High School auditorium in Arlington in March, 1970. This arbitrary denial was made after the Party had already paid for the facilities, and on the very day it intended to use them for a public meeting.

The NSWPP intends to exercise its right to use public school facilities in Arlington in the near future.

Meanwhile, circuit court judge Grady L. Crawford handed down a decision in Miami Beach on 23 February supporting the right of an individual to wear a Swastika in that predominantly Jewish metropolis.

Former Nazi party wins use of school for rally

RICHMOND (AP)—A federal rium because of the party's appeals court says a controversial political party excluding blacks and Jews still by's "exclusion of black citizens has a constitutional right to use to a public high school auditorium situs step beyond advocacy (of the party of the party of the party of the party of the National Socialist White People's party — case back to the district court formerly the American Nazi party — are entitled to use of school board to allow the party high School auditorium as nevercise of their First Amendment rights of free speech and assembly under the U. S. Constitution.

ment rights of free speech and assembly under the U. S. Constitution.

The Arlington County School Board had denied the party use of the school auditorium and was upheld in its action by U. S. District Court Judge Oren R. Lewis of Alexandria.

In reversing the district court decision, the appeals court in the majority opinion written by Judge Harrison L. Winter said the First Amendment "protects from state interference the expression in a public place of the unpopular as well as the popular (views) and the right to as, semble peaceably.

The school and the right to as, semble peaceably. The school board suddiorium the tally would incite violence, according to court records in the case, A second reason for the denial was the Virginia Constitution's barring of the use of a publicly-owned facility by a group practicing racial discrimination.

Judge John D. Butzner Jr. in a separate opinion said that while he concurred with the majority's reasoning as to the party members' rights of free speech and assembly, he would enter the party members' rights of free speech and assembly, he would enter the party members' rights of free speech and assembly, he would enter the party members' rights of free speech and assembly, he would enter the party members' rights of free speech and assembly, he would enter the party members' rights of free speech and assembly, he would enter the party members' rights of free speech and assembly, he would enter the party members' rights of free speech and assembly he would enter the party members' rights of free speech and assembly he would enter the party members' rights of free speech and assembly he would enter the party members' rights of free speech and assembly he would enter the party members' rights of free speech and assembly he would enter the party members' rights of free speech and assembly he would enter the party members' rights of free speech and assembly he would enter the party members' rights of the party members' rights of the party members' rights of the party members' ri

Circuit Judge Overrules Miami Beach Swastika Ban

MIAMI (AP)—A Circuit Court judge has struck down a Miami Beach city ordinance banning the wearing of Nazi

"The wearing of an arm-band as a political symbol is a right protected by the Consti-tution," Judge Grady

tution,'' Judge Grady Crawford ruled. The decision overturned the Municipal Court conviction of Matt Koehl, head of the National Socialist (Nazi) Party, who was arrested during the Republican National Conven-tion last August for defying

the ban.
City Atty. Joseph Wanick said he would urge the City Council to appeal the decision. He said the city had the right to ban such armbands to avoid

"If the government is to survive," special city prosecutor Lionel Barnet said, "it must have the power to protect itself against unlawful conduct,

and, under some circumstances, against incitements to commit unlawful acts."

Barnet added that Miami Beach has a large Jewish population which would consider Nazi symbols particularly resolution.

pulsive.

Koehl was defended by
American Civil Liberties Union attorney Bruce Rogow, a Jew, who said the wearing of

Jew, who said the wearing of an armband was an exercise of free speech that could not be denied. "Hostile audiences are not valid reasons for restricting First Amendment rights." Crawford said, agreeing with Rogow's argument.

Commander Koehl had personally challenged last August the unconstitutional city statute that forbade the wearing of the symbol of Aryan man (see Bulletin No. 117). Wearing a Swastika armband on the steps of Miami Beach City Hall, the Commander was arrested and later convicted by Jew Judge Nelan Sweet, who fined him \$500 and 90 days in jail. When the verdict was contested and appealed this Jew judge withdrew from the case, on the grounds his personal bias disqualified him.

The circuit court's decision has been a severe blow to the arrogant and self-confident Jewish community in Miami Beach. In the words of Judge Crawford: "In this case there was no evidence that the wearing of the armband by Koehl caused, or was likely to cause any disruption of law and order on Miami Beach. Therefore the ordinance, in addition to being unconstitutional on its face, was also unconstitutionally applied."

These two victories, plus the one in Cleveland last month against Mayor Perk's high-handed banning of the Swastika, have been achieved through the ability of the Party to wage the struggle in the courts. We have established important precedents and asserted our rights when certain circles thought that they could hide behind unjust local statutes. But this is an expensive undertaking. Seeking justice in today's courts does not come cheap. More than ever, the Legal Fund needs your support. By contributing to the Legal Fund you provide the Movement with a critically valuable instrument in the continuing racial struggle!

Commander Appears In Cincinnati

On 17 February the Commander attended a local Party meeting in Cincinnati, Ohio, attended by about 30 people. He gave a presentation on the Party's growth and achievements and discussed the growing racial unrest evidenced in the Midwest, which he regards as the politica heart of America.

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CLEVELAND, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1973

Swastikas Forbidden,

Call and Post

Nazis Recruiting In Police

Radio Room Says Dispatcher

CITY EDITION

Cleveland Police Told

irector says one swostika Sound on Police Premises while the nine of their Disco Halland Williams of their Disco Halland Williams of the State Premises

Silent Seven Wear Swastikas

WHILE CLEVELAND City Council pursued allegations that polic men have worn the swastika symbol. seven members of the Nation Socialist White People's party sat stone-faced listening.

Firing Asked for Police Who Wore Swastikas

Councilman Paul T. Haggard, R-29, last night said Mayor Ralph J. Perk's order forbidding Cleveland police from wearing the swastika symbol on their uniforms did not go far enough. Haggard said any policeman known to have worn the swastika should be fired.

Sofety Director James T. Carney said a fil service rule prohibited the wearing of a swastika or any other political emblem, scept the American flag, on the uniform and that anyone caught violating the rule would be suspended.

"We don't know for a fact that any of our men has worn the swastika." Carney said. "We cannot substantiate that there is such a thing going on."

"I had the superintendent of mainte "I had the superintendent of mainte-nunce personally check every single build-ing in the safety department." Carney told City Council. "In all of those buildings, we found one swastika sign cut into a bath-room door with a knife. That was all."

In demanding the dismissal of swasti-ka-wearing police, Haggard pointed to sev-en members of the National Socialist White People's party seated in the audience. All seven had on swastika armbands.

"If members of our police department tend to reflect the same attitude as these men — who say black people should be sen back to Africa—then I want to know why the mayor is not getting rid of them." Haggard said.

Such policemen. Haggard said, could not support the concept that all men are equal and, therefore, are unfit to serve.

Richard L. Biederman, one of the sev-

Continued on Page 6, Col. 1

Dismissal of Swastika-Wearing Policemen Asked by Haggard

en White People's party members, said that by forbidding employes to wear the swastika. Perk had taken a stap at the

swastika. Perk had taken a slap at the white race.

"You have black nationalists right here in City Council speaking up for black people." Biederman said. "How can the mayor stop whites from wearing their symbol?"

Perk left the meeting before Haggard spice. At Haggard's request, the sergeant-at-arms was told to find the mayor and ask him to return to answer questions. But the mayor did not return.

Haggard also criticized the mayor's request that the Governmental Research Institute (GRI make a \$100.00 study of police response time to citizens' calls for

help. Haggard said he had introduced similar legislation nine months ago, but that it had been bottled up by Carney.

Perk's legislation requesting the GRI study was introduced. Perk said he did not seek immediate passage of the legislation because Council President Edmund J. Turk, D-23, and Democratic Majority Leader George L. Forbes, D-20, were not present.

ard.

Annual took its first step toward converting Huron Road S.E. into a tree-liped mail by authorizing the hiring of a land-scape architect at up to \$20,000 as a consultant on the design.

Property owners and the federal government are splitting the cost of the \$400,000 project, planned for Huron Road between E. 9th and E. 14th streets.

Forbids Swastikas

Horis Recuiring Police 'No swastikas.' police are told

The president of the pr

Perk Friday requested Carney to have graffiti removed from the station walls and to instruct policemen about wearing proper uniforms. The instructions ban the wearing of any political symbol and require that belts and buckles be plain and unadorned. Carney admitted yesterday Perk's or-ders stemmed from complaints reaching the mayor that some policemen on duty were wearing the swastika symbol.

The swastikar have appeared on belt buckles, tie tacks and armbands worn by police, according to complaints reacting the mayor, Carney said, Rumors that police were wearing the symbol have been circulating for more than a month.

Police Backed

Perk Outlaws

Swastikas on

At the same time inspection will be made of Central Police Station and district stations for the removal of any swastikas painted on the walls.

Orders by Mayor Halph J. Perk to Safety Director James T. Carney to elimi-nate the symbol from the police depart-ment were contained in a statement about police uniforms and about graffiti on police building walls.

Police Garb

The swastika is the symbol of both the American Nazi party and of the Nazis in Hitler's Germany.

Carney said the complaint about the fifiti stemmed from swastikas allegedly inted on the walls of the police locker m and washroom.

Perk's swastika ban may affect 30 police Police Purged of Swastikas

lavor Perk's order bar-

The state of the control of the cont a symbol of racism and Hit-ler's hate and destruction."

The mayor also ordered licemen that a bout as the mayor also but as the have been we ar in all racial slurs and political as or tie clips while on symbols removed from the walls of all city police stasymbols removed from the walls of all city police sta-

Perk said he took action after his office received complaints last week that . Cleveland patrolmen wore the swaatika, symbol of the National Socialist White Peoples Party, while on duty.

persons wearing the Nazi armband from entering City Hall, even after Fe der a l Judge Thomas D. Lambros ordered Council President Edmund Turk to allow swas-tika armbands to be worn by spectators at C o u n c i l

2-A-Gezette Telegraph Monday, Feb. 26, 1973 Colorado Springs, Colo.

CLEVELAND (UPI) — Mayor Ralph D. Con issued order today prohibiting city policemen from measure twastion their uniforms while on duty.

Perk, who said he took the action after marin, sports t patrolinen were wearing the symbol of Hiller's Nat party the National Socialistic White Peoples' Party, also ardered trolmen to remove racial sturs and political symbols from po

From First Page

kas on the walls, but there was a small one drawn on the wall of the public men's washroom at Central Police Station.

Carney sold he would issue orders on uniforms tomorrow and have the superintendent of maintenance check for graffiti. Any graffiti lound would be washed out or policy of the control of th

wastical stroter of Police, said the only wastical he had seen was nebt buckle that a policernan had had ken from a dead German in Wohld War II.

Faragher said that while he does not approve of on-duty policernen wearing swastikas. the city should provide a full uniform before making requirements of what police should wear.

Ile said the city budget does not provide the full \$150 allowance for clothing for policernen. He added that the allowance does not provide for purchase of a complete uniform. only enough to replace parts of it. He admitted some policernen were out of uniform, noting that one wore belixer.

After the meeting, "Triumph of the Will" was shown. The Commander was interviewed by several newspaper reporters. Earlier that day, he'd been interviewed by the journal of the University of Cincinnati.

The local address of the Party in Cincinnati is: NSWPP, Box 15463, Cincinnati, Ohio 45215.

New Assignment in Midwest

Richard Biederman, former organizer for the Delaware Valley, has been reassigned by the Commander to organize the Cleveland area, effective 18 February. Comrade Biederman is to be commended on his fine work as Delaware Valley Organizer and is wished the best of luck in his new assignment.

Biederman succeeds Casey Kalemba, who was instrumental in establishing the Cleveland unit and deserves much praise for his untiring efforts on behalf of the Party. Operations have grown to such an extent in Cleveland that Comrade Kalemba requested a full-time organizer in the area.

Cleveland Mayor Purges Police of Swastikas

In his latest anti-White antic, Cleveland's Mayor Perk has ordered that all police personnel be forbidden to wear any type of Aryan Cross on their uniform or in their locker rooms. It has been reported that upwards of 30 policemen will be affected. Perk took special umbrage at the news that police officers were wearing armband, "White Power" T-shirts, Swastika belt-buckles, etc.

Perk's latest anti-National Socialist move was carried over the wire services and made nation-wide coverage. An inept and farcical sort of individual who seems better suited for vaudeville than the serious business of city management, Perk received national notoriety a few months back when he managed to set his hair and tie on fire while using an acetylene torch in the opening ceremonies of a construction workers' convention being held in that city.

The news of the widespread National Socialist sympathies among individuals within the Cleveland police department unnerved the notoriously pro-Black and pro-Jew political functionaries at City Hall. They were thunderstruck at the thought of so many National Socialist-minded policemen.

The Cleveland police have many legitimate complaints against Perk and his cronies. As one of the nation's most over-worked police forces in the battle against Black crime, the Cleveland police have for years been trying to get better pay, improved working hours and the replacement of the present six-day, no overtime work-week which they're now saddled with, and a sufficient uniform clothing allowance.

To publicly manifest the NSWPP's support for the plight of the White police, Comrades Richard Biederman and Casey Kalemba, accompanied by five other uniformed Party activists, attended the city council meeting on 26 February at which the question of the police wearing the Swastika was to be discussed.

A Black councilman by the name of Haggard spoke first, denouncing the police and the toleration of the Aryan Cross for about 15 minutes, after which a liberal White councilman stood up and supported the Black. Perk, who was supposed to preside over the meeting, made a point of avoiding the proceedings, possibly to avoid another confrontation with the National Socialists who had just recently forced him by federal court order to retract his orders barring persons wearing the Swastika from attending city council meetings (see Bulletin No. 126).

Richard Biederman commented on the two councilmen's attacks against the police and the Aryan Cross. "You have Black nationalists right here in the city council speaking up for Black people." he declared. "How can the mayor stop Whites from wearing their symbol?" Much of the council meeting was televised on all the local TV stations as well as on many radio stations. One radio station, WERE, played an interview of Casey Kalemba for two days straight.

The attempt to intimidate and penalize White police supporting the Party has forced these men to maintain a low profile to protect their jobs but has increased their National Socialist resolve. As one undeterred officer put it: "We'll have to lie low for awhile, but we're here when you need us." At the same time, the episode serves as a small indication of the growing appeal and influence of the Party. It completely refutes the myth advanced by the faint-hearted that "you can't win with the Swastika!"

The Cleveland unit is now preparing for accelerated activities this spring and summer. For further information, contact:

NSWPP Box 02231 Cleveland, Ohio 44102

Commander Speaks at Church Gathering in Reading

On 18 February Commander Koehl spoke at a meeting of the Mountain Church of Jesus Christ in Reading, Pa. The Commander appeared at the special invitation of Rev. Robert Miles of Cohoctah, Mich., who is president of the unaligned denomination. Preceding the Commander's address, Robert Homan, the National Secretary, presented the action program of National Socialism to the gathering, pointing out that the NSWPP's great appeal was amongst the youth, who constituted the real hope of America and the White race.

Commander Koehl spoke about the spiritual and philosophical facets of National Socialism which provided the dynamo for the White Power activities of the Party in America. He emphasized that unlike so many other racist, anti-Communist groups, the NSWPP was not concerned with avoiding a confrontation with the enemy. "The strategy of the Party," he explained, "is, in the words of the Civil War general, Nathan Bedford Forrest, to 'ride to the sound of the guns.'"

Concluding his presentation to the congregation, the Commander cited a prayer from Mein Kampf (II:13): "Almighty God,

bless our arms when the time comes; be just as thou hast always been; judge now whether we be deserving of freedom; Lord, bless our battle!"

National Socialists in Prison Assert White Rights

For years now, the National Socialist philosophy has been spreading among the White inmates of America's penal institutions. Outnumbered and daily attacked by Black animals, ignored and abused by a large segment of the prison authorities, these Whites, instead of despairing of their seemingly hopeless situation, have found inspiration and a promise of a better future in the example of the Party.

A significant victory was won recently by the White inmates at the federal penitentiary in Columbia, S.C. The National Socialists at that prison have undertaken a vigorous campaign of selling WHITE POWER newspapers in the compound. A Black guard seized one of the Whites selling the newspaper and took him to his superiors. Another White inmate and a National Socialist, Comrade Gary Miokovich, stepped forth and defended his White brother's right to sell the paper, noting that Blacks had no difficulties selling and distributing their Communist and Black Power literature in the prison.

Not only did the authorities finally approve WHITE POWER as a legal publication within the prison, but the National Socialists succeeded in getting the Communist newspaper, *The Guardian*, banned and a Marxist "social worker" discharged. The Black inmates retaliated by threatening White inmates who sold or possessed WHITE POWER with violence. But the growing confidence and defiance among the White inmates has subdued the normally arrogant Blacks. John W.J. Thomas, a National Socialist inmate, reports: "WHITE POWER newspaper has become known and feared! It's real and can't be stopped."

Notes From the Membership Secretary

A new system of billing for dues and pledges has been adopted. Effective immediately, Party Members, Official Supporters, and members of the National Socialist Youth Movement will be billed on a quarterly instead of a monthy basis.

The billings will be sent out with the Bulletins of 1 January, 1 April, 1 July, and 1 October. Comrades may still send in their dues and pledges on a regular monthly basis, but actual notification will be sent out quarterly from National Headquarters.

Notes From NS Publications

Judaism in Music by Richard Wagner is no longer available. It is out of stock and out of print.

Two books with similar titles but concerned with different subjects are still available. The Suicide of the West by James Burnham is an analysis of modern liberalism, dissecting its cosmopolitan, anti-racial, materialist philosophy and the destructive effect of it upon Western Civilization. The book is available at \$6.95 per copy.

Another excellent book is the Suicide of Europe by Prince Michael Sturdza, the foreign minister of Rumania during the Second World War. This is a personal account of Europe's struggle against the Western plutocracies and Communist Russia during World War II and offers a rare insight into the European struggle against the Jewish world coalition. The volume is well illustrated and is only \$6.95.

Effective immediately, postage and handling charges for books (publications of \$1 and up) and records are 5%. All other items remain at 10%. This applies to both domestic and foreign orders. All orders of \$5 or more will be insured to assure safe delivery.

WHERE THE ACTION IS!

10 March 1973 - A special ceremony commemorating the 55th birthday of Lincoln Rockwell, the founder of the NSWPP, will be held at National Headquarters at 1600 hours. ST will be in uniform.

17 March 1973 - A demonstration will be held in Bridgeport, Conn., at 1300 hours on Sturday. ST will be in uniform. For details contact: NSWPP, Box 1514, Bridgeport, Conn. 06601.

21 April 1973 - All Party comrades are invited to attend the 84th birthday celebration in honor of Adolf Hitler, the founder of the Movement, in Arlington. Make plans to attend now!