

BULLETIN



National Socialist White Peoples Party and National Socialist Youth Movement

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"All the persecutions of the Movement and its individual leaders, all vilifications and slanders, were powerless to harm it. The correctness of its ideas, the purity of its will, its supporters' spirit of self-sacrifice, have cause it to issue from all repressions stronger than ever.

"If, in the world of our present parliamentary corruption, it becomes more and more aware of the profoundest essence of its struggle, feels itself to be the purest embodiment of the value of race and personality and conducts itself accordingly, it will with almost mathematical certainty some day emerge victorious from its struggle."

MEIN KAMPF, Conclusion

Special Report on NS Congress

The first Congress of North American National Socialists was held in northern Virginia over Labor Day weekend, August 30 & 31 & September 1. The three-day event was called by Commander Matt Koehl to clearly define the policies and goals for organizational development of the World Union of National Socialists and to reaffirm certain ideological precepts of the National Socialist Movement.

It was attended by 123 delegates from 23 states and Canadian provinces.

Prior to the opening of the Congress, all delegates met at Party Headquarters for formal registration where they signed in and received an identification badge. Then the delegates formed a motorcade for the short drive to the Congress site.

The Congress was held in a modern convention hall several miles from the headquarters. On arrival, delegates were treated to coffee and refreshments prior to the opening of the meetings.

The Congress was called to order by Robert Lloyd, Executive Officer of the NSWPP. After a short statement on rules concerning security and deportment of delegates, he introduced Commander Matt Koehl. Commander Koehl warmly welcomed all National Socialists to the Congress, which he predicted would be looked back upon as all historic mile stone in the years ahead. He took the occasion of his opening statement to give the delegates an in-depth view of his reasons for calling the Congress.

Commander Koehl's opening remarks were followed by a talk by William L. Pierce, Information Officer of the NSWPP, on "The Pathology of the System." Dr. Pierce explained how man's relationship with Nature had begun to decay with the coming of the Industrial Revolution. This paved the way for the development of today's System which is characterized by modern man's materialistic, liberalistic, anti-idealistic attitudes. The present System, he explained, is a Jewish system; a system in which Aryan man cannot survive.

Following this, Commander Koehl spoke on "The National Socialist World View." He affirmed that National Socialism is more than just a political or social idea, that it is even more than a formula for coming to power in America. National Socialism is a total way of looking at all things, a complete and comprehensive belief based on racial idealism. National Socialism, therefore, has all of the characteristics of a religious faith.

Mr. Lloyd gave the next address on "NS Appearance and Deportment." He explained that it was the fundamental responsibility of every National Socialist to build an image, through his conduct and deportment, of the sharpest possible contrast between adherants of the race-saving National Socialist idea and the degenerate opponents of our Movement, whether they be hippies or soft, cowardly liberals. He went on to outline exactly how National Socialists should appear in public. and how they should conduct themselves.

At the conclusion of his talk, the sessions recessed for lunch. When they reconvened, Commander Koehl gave a talk entitled "Introduction to MEIN KAMPF." His talk was based on the second chapter of the second volume. It was his purpose at this time, as much to expound on several points of the doctrine, to provide delegates with an idea of how to conduct MEIN KAMPF study groups in their own localities.

Following that, Mr. Lloyd presided over a series of local reports from delegates who have been particularly active in other parts of the country. Mr. Frank Collin of Chicago reported on the disruption of parades and rallies which supporters of the Viet Cong have attempted to hold in the Windy City. Mr. Joe Tomassi of Los Angeles spoke on the difficulties and successes scored with the LA White Power Message, which he has been instrumental in setting up there. Mr. Robert Homan, NSWPP Staff Member, spoke on the role of National Socialist servicemen. Mr. Homan has developed a keen interest in this avenue of Party development since he expects to be called into the service any day now. He pointed out that National Socialist servicemen should look upon their tenure in the Armed Forces as nothing more or less than an opportunity for spreading the good word to their fellow soldiers. He spoke on the monumental schism already opened between White and Black GIs, and warned of activities which would violate the military code of justice. He then explained how pitfalls could be avoided and propagandising on behalf of the Movement could proceed unhampered by military authorities.

A number of other delegates gave reports on activities in their local areas, including Mr. John Krenzer of Detroit, Mr. James Ludwig of Galesburg, Ill., Mr. Charles Lawrence of Akron, Ohio, Mr. Gerald Walraven of Dallas, Texas, and Mr. Omar Miller of Tampa, Fla.

Commander Koehl spoke next on "Aryan Racial Nationalism," as the only form of patriotism which has any relevance in today's world. He stated that nationalism based on geography was an idea of the past, since anyone who shared the accident of birth on American soil was statutorially considered an American, even a Black Jew like Sammy Davis, Jr. He continued that this idea is not new to National Socialism, but that forty years ago there still existed an imperative for state nationalism; thus the strong pro-German flavor of National Socialist propaganda of the Third Reich. But now the time has come for national borders to be considered secondary to racial interests. This concept does not imply any disregard for local traditions which are inherent in any long-established ethnic community, but rather that these traditions provide the building blocks for a greater pan-Aryan community.

At the conclusion of his talk, Dr. William Pierce, who fills the dual post of General Secretary of WUNS, read the following statement, agreed to by US and Canadian delegates in plenary session:

"We, the Canadian and United States delegates to this first North American Congress of the World Union of National Socialists, recognizing the common destiny shared by members of the Aryan race on this continent, do hereby dedicate our efforts to the spiritaul and political unification of North America from the Arctic to the Rio Grande in a National Socialist new order, to serve as a base for the construction of a greater Aryan community throughout the world. We furthermore pledge ourselves to support the World Union of National Socialists as the sole bearer of the Movement in North America, with an authority superseding that of either its Canadian or its United States affiliate, and to work toward the total integration of all National Socialist activity on this continent under the banner of the World Union of National Socialists."



Commander Koehl & John Beattie

With the unanimous approval of the foregoing statement by all delegates, the first day of the Congress closed.

The second day of the Congress opened with a speech by Commander Koehl on the "Revolutionary Line of the NSWPP."

He stated that one of the most wide-spread misconceptions among the uninformed public about National Socialism is that we represent merely the most extreme form of conservatism or 'rightism'. He pointed out the fallacy of this notion, explaining that conservatism, like communism, is just a doctrine of economic materialism (capitalism). Capitalism is just the materialism of the "haves" and communism is the materialism of the "have nots". National Socialism, on the other hand, is not based on any materialist concept, but rather on idealism, racial idealism. Where the root of the National Socialist idea is racial improvement, the core of the communist and capitalist idea is the issue of who gets the wealth produced by society, a select few individuals or the masses. Therefore, National Socialism stands idametrically opposed to the two most dominant status quo ideas in the world today. Hence, National Socialism is the only truly revolutionary idea extant. Not only is the National Socialist idea revolutionary, the process of the National Socialist revolution will completly tear down the present Jewish System, and in its place erect a new world order for Aryan Man. Therefore, National Socialists should not think in terms of reshaping the world in the image of what it was in bygone years, but rather in terms of building an entirely new world order based on the race-saving ideas of Adolf Hitler.



Commander Koehl spells out the revolutionary line of the NSWPP

Mr. Lloyd followed Commander Koehl with a talk on "The Role of NS Youth." He stated that youth has traditionally stood in the vanguard of revolutionary mass movements. This is owing to the fact that young people, on the whole, are not afraid to stand up and fight for the things they believe in. Youth is not tied into the "status quo by economic and social considerations as are their adult counterparts, so they are much more inclined to risk themselves in a struggle to build a better world. Often they are guided to the camps of our enemies, as is the case with so many young people today. Mr. Lloyd pointed out the great emphasis which the NSWPP has placed on organizing the youth for the great struggle through two Party formations: The National Socialist Youth Movement and The National Socialist Liberation Front. He concluded by suggesting a series of activities and recruiting projects which can be immediately applied in high schools and colleges.

Next, Mr. John Beattie, leader of the Canadian National Socialist Party, reported on the progess of National Socialism in Canada. One major activity which Mr. Beattie is responsible for in Toronto is regular speeches for the public in rented halls and auditoriums. He outlined the great difficulties he had run into when he first started giving public speeches, and he also told of the great success it had brought to the CNSP. Mr. Beattie reaffirmed his commitment to North American consolidation and pledged greater than ever co-operation in the co-ordination of WUNS activities on this continent.

Later, Dr. Pierce spoke on "The Problems of the Movement," starting out by giving the delegates a picture of the Party's fiscal finances, then taking up details of various financial, legal, personnel and production road-blocks which must be dealt with as the Party moves ahead.

Mr. Lloyd spoke again on the subject of "NSWPP Structure and Operation." His remarks included an important announcement concerning the National Socialist Central Organization: That the NSCO would be held in abeyance until Commander Koehl deemed the time right to commission it as a Party formation, and that membership would be by appointment only, i.e., that from the Party membership Commander Koehl would select those whom he felt qualified to belong to this select Party formation. In considering candidates, he will evaluate activism, loyalty, initiative and their spirit of self-sacrifice as demonstrated in their willingness to tithe 10 % of their income. Mr. Lloyd also reiterated the Party's policy on membership and spoke on various aspects of the operation at National Headquarters.

Dr. Pierce followed this with a talk on Phase Two of Party development. He explained the many reasons why the Party could not go from the "Nazi" phase, in which the principle goal of Party operation was establishing the name of the Party in the public's mind through "publicity at any price" stunts and demonstrations, to a mass movement among the White population, without an inner hardening and shaping stage to prepare the Party for mass leadership.



William Pierce speaks on 'Phase Two'

Commander Koehl spoke next on plans for "Future National Socialist Development." He explained that only by portioning up our overall task of coming to power into a series of smaller tasks or priorities, could we grapple with the enormous job facing us. He detailed some of the Party's past priorities and how they were met, and went on to mention the priorities at hand, including the regular publication of the Party newspaper. He then outlined the priorities ahead. These included the steps towards the fulfillment of Phase Two. He also indicated several new pieces of Party propaganda which are being planned for future issuance.

Following the dinner recess, the hall was dimmed for Party ceremonies. After the delegates re-assembled, the senior delegate from each area answered to the roll call of states and provinces. Commander Koehl then addressed the convocation on "Fifty Years of National Socialism." He then made presentations to five National Socialists who had shown remarkable loyalty and steadfastness to the Movement for at least the last five years. These were the first awards of the-loyalty badge, which has a striking gold swastika on black field.

The Commander then named eleven members, who loyalty and judgment is above question, to a special board of succession to be convened in event of his death for picking a new Party leader. Then, in recognition of the great sacrifices many delegates had made in traveling across the country to come to the Congress, he awarded a handsome, mounted portrait of the Fuehrer to the member who had traveled the longest distance, all the way from Vancouver, Wash. He next called on a number of delegates to rise as he cited them in turn for meritorious duty in the past year. Following the awards, recognitions and appointments, Commander Koehl delivered the following tribute to Lincoln Rockwell:

On August 25, 1967, Lincoln Rockwell—the man responsible for the postwar revival of Adolf Hitler's National Socialist Movement—was foully murdered by a cowardly assassin's bullet.

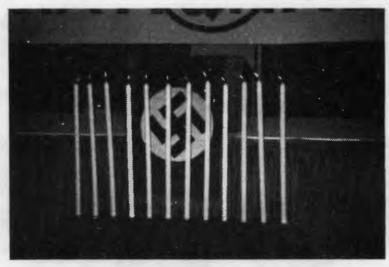
Today—two years later—we pause to honor the memory of this martyred comrade and to rededicate our efforts toward achieving that victory which he foresaw—one truly worthy of his great sacrifice.

At the conclusion of his statement the audience stood in silent tribute to the playing of the touching memorial tune "I Had a Comrade."

The next ceremony paid homage to the Heroes of the Movement. The following twelve men were named Heroes in recognition of their exemplary lives as National Socialists:*

Lincoln Rockwell
Frits Clausen
Dietrich Eckart
Kurt Eggers
Karl Gebhardt
Joseph Goebbels
Wilhelm Gustloff
William Joyce
Anton Mussert
Herbert Norkus
Rost van Tonningen
Horst Wessel

United States
Denmark
Germany
Germany
Germany
Switzerland
England
Netherlands
Germany
Netherlands
Germany



Twelve candles lit for the Heroes of the Movement

To the strains of the militant anthem "White Men to Arms" their names and nationalities were read by Commander Koehl as an aid lit a candle for each fallen Hero. The ceremonies closed with the playing of the Horst Wessel Song and the Commander's salutation, "Heil Hitler."

At the conclusion of the ceremonies, the hall was cleared so it could be prepared for the showing of the film "Triumph of the Will." A brief commentary was delivered by Mr. Frank Collin before the showing. The mood set by this film, which recreates with artistic excellence the Party rally of 1934, could only be described as religiously inspiring.

The meeting resumed Monday morning with a talk by Mr. Lloyd on local organization. He commensed by answering the frequently asked question, "When do we start opening local headquarters?" He stated that local headquarters would be considered only when the following minimal requirements had been met: 1. That the volume of activity in any locality be such that a headquarters is essential for its smooth fulfillment. 2. That sufficient funds be available for the local headquarters so that it is self-supporting and does not curtail the funds for the vital central operations of the Party. 3. That a local unit, as defined in Bulletin No. 34, have functioned smoothly for at least six months. Local headquarters, he explained, would be necessary as the Party approaches Phase Three, at which time branch offices will have to be established in every major city in the country and most secondary cities as well. Mr. Lloyd described local organization presently as the building of activist and recruiting cadres with local meetings consisting of activity planning and the group studying of MEIN KAMPF. He then described a number of important activities which local groups should be working on at this time.

The next session, delivered by Dr. Pierce, covered "Questions and Answers for National Socialists." Eventually the questions most frequently asked about National Socialism will be answered in a booklet so each National Socialist will be able to provide a valid, official answer to nearly any question put to him by a potential recruit. He explained that this pamphlet will be invaluable in developing Party spokesmen. Dr. Pierce then answered questions from the audience which delegates had difficulty in answering for new recruits.

^{*} A memorial album on the Twelve Heroes of the Movement is now in preperation.

Mr. Lloyd followed with a discussion of "Political Warfare Techniques" in which he outlined various activities which are recommended for the advancement of the Cause.

Commander Koehl took the podium at the conclusion of Mr. Lloyd's remarks to deliver the closing address to the Congress. In his final statement he predicted that the foregoing Congress would result in a more unified Party, a more viable Party, and a more irrepressible Party. He then turned the meeting over to Mr. Lloyd for adjournment, who took the podium with the following statement:

"Commander, before we adjourn there is still one very important piece to be said.

"Everyone who has come to this Congress will leave intellectually edified, and spiritually uplifted. So we owe a debt of gratitude to the one who conceived, planned, directed and checked every detail connected with this Congress.

"Moreoever, we owe special recognition to the man who prevented the Movement from floundering at the time of its darkest hour since 1945 when Lincoln Rockwell was murdered two years ago. Not only has the Movement survived that horrible blow, it has grown and hardened beyond the point Commander Rockwell would have considered possible at this time.

"The man who has done this, as well as give us the Congress we have attended here, is, of course, you, Commander Koehl.

"Therefore, I want to reaffirm—and I'd like for the delegates here to rise and join me in this—my faith in your leadership of the one and only National Socialist Movement, and this goes for National Socialists everywhere in all parts of the world. [Salutation—Mr. Lloyd and delegates] HEIL HITLER!"



Commander Koehl and Mr. Lloyd after conclusion of the Congress

To the militant strains of "White Men to Arms" the hall emptied and the first Congress of North American National Socialists drew to a close.